

Decimal Multiplication Example

www.decimalarith.info

Digit A = 32638D7EA4C68003hex

Exponent 110010011 = 403 ; As bias is 398 so real exponent is 403-398 = 5 in decimal

Coefficient 000111000110101111110101001001100011010000000000000011 which equals 10000000000000003dec

Digit B = 33800000000000019hex

Exponent 110011100 = 412 bias is 398 so real is 412-398 equal 14

Coefficient 0011001 which equals 25dec

Calculation exponent

110010011(403)+ 110011100 (412) – 110001110 (398) = 110100001 (417)

Calculation significand

0001110001101011111101010010011000110100000000000011 X

0011001

\oplus 01011000110100010101111000010111011000101000000001001011 which equals

\oplus 2500000000000000075 in decimal

The significands are multiplied to produce $IP_c = 2500000000000000075$.

In parallel, the biased exponents are added and the bias is subtracted to produce $IP_{EXP} = 403 + 412 - 398 = 417$

If IP_c exceeds the result's precision, p , rounding is needed.

In this example, IP_c has 17 digits, and the precision for decimal64 is $p=16$ digits, so it is necessary to round off one digit and increment IP_{EXP} by one. Depending on the rounding mode, the rounded result has been set.